#### 108TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

# H. R. 2671

To provide for enhanced Federal, State, and local enforcement of the immigration laws of the United States.

## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

July 9, 2003

Mr. NORWOOD (for himself, Mr. BOYD, Ms. HART, and Mr. DEAL of Georgia) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

# A BILL

To provide for enhanced Federal, State, and local enforcement of the immigration laws of the United States.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Clear Law Enforce-
- 5 ment for Criminal Alien Removal Act of 2003" or the
- 6 "CLEAR Act of 2003".

1	TITLE I—ENHANCING FEDERAL,
2	STATE, AND LOCAL ENFORCE-
3	MENT OF THE IMMIGRATION
4	LAWS
5	SEC. 101. FEDERAL AFFIRMATION OF IMMIGRATION LAW
6	ENFORCEMENT BY STATES AND POLITICAL
7	SUBDIVISIONS OF STATES.
8	Notwithstanding any other provision of law and re-
9	affirming the existing general authority, law enforcement
10	personnel of a State or a political subdivision of a State
11	are fully authorized to investigate, apprehend, detain, or
12	remove aliens in the United States (including the trans-
13	portation of such aliens across State lines to detention
14	centers), in the enforcement of the immigration laws of
15	the United States.
16	SEC. 102. STATE AUTHORIZATION FOR ENFORCEMENT OF
17	FEDERAL IMMIGRATION LAWS ENCOURAGED.
18	(a) In General.—Effective 2 years after the date
19	of the enactment of this Act, a State (or political subdivi-
20	sion of a State) that fails to have in effect a statute that
21	expressly authorizes law enforcement officers of the State,
22	or of a political subdivision within the State, to enforce
23	Federal immigration laws in the course of carrying out
24	the officer's law enforcement duties shall not receive any
25	of the funds that would otherwise be allocated to the State

- 1 under section 241(i) of the Immigration and Nationality
- 2 Act (8 U.S.C. 1231(i)).
- 3 (b) REALLOCATION OF FUNDS.—Any funds that are
- 4 not allocated due to failure to comply with this section
- 5 shall be reallocated to States that comply with this section.
- 6 SEC. 103. ESTABLISHMENT OF CRIMINAL PENALTIES AND
- 7 FORFEITURE FOR ALIENS UNLAWFULLY
- 8 PRESENT IN THE UNITED STATES, ENHANCE-
- 9 MENT OF CRIMINAL AND CIVIL PENALTIES
- 10 FOR ALIENS WHO ILLEGALLY ENTER THE
- 11 UNITED STATES, AND STATE AND LOCAL EN-
- 12 TITLEMENT TO CIVIL PENALTIES COL-
- 13 LECTED DUE TO STATE AND LOCAL IMMIGRA-
- 14 TION LAW ENFORCEMENT AND APPREHEN-
- 15 SION OF VIOLATORS.
- 16 (a) ALIENS UNLAWFULLY PRESENT.—The Immigra-
- 17 tion and Nationality Act is amended by adding after sec-
- 18 tion 275 the following new section:
- 19 "CRIMINAL PENALTIES AND FORFEITURE FOR
- 20 UNLAWFUL PRESENCE IN THE UNITED STATES
- 21 "Sec. 275A. Any alien present in the United States
- 22 in violation of this Act shall be fined under title 18, United
- 23 States Code, imprisoned not more than one year, or both.
- 24 The assets of any alien present in the United States in
- 25 violation of this Act shall be subject to forfeiture under
- 26 title 18, United States Code.".

(b) INCREASE IN CRIMINAL PENALTIES FOR ILLEGAL 1 Entry.—Section 275(a) of the Immigration and Nation-3 ality Act (8 U.S.C. 1325(a)) is amended by striking "6" months," and inserting "one year,". 5 (c) Increase in Civil Penalties for Various VIOLATIONS OF THE IMMIGRATION LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES.—Section 275(b) of the Immigration and Nation-8 ality Act (8 U.S.C. 1325(b)) is amended to read as fol-9 lows: 10 "(b)(1) Any alien described in paragraph (2) shall be 11 subject to a civil penalty of— 12 "(A) \$500 for the first violation; "(B) \$2,500 in the case of an alien who has 13 14 been once previously subject to a civil penalty under 15 this subsection; "(C) \$5,000 in the case of an alien who has 16 17 been twice previously subject to a civil penalty under 18 this subsection; and 19 "(D) \$10,000 in the case of an alien who has 20 been three or more times previously subject to a civil 21 penalty under this subsection. 22 "(2)(A) An alien described— 23 "(i) is apprehended while entering (or attempt-24 ing to enter) the United States at a time or place 25 other than as designated by immigration officers;

- 1 "(ii) enters the United States without inspec-
- 2 tion;
- 3 "(iii) fails to depart the United States within
- 4 30 days after the expiration of a nonimmigrant visa
- 5 or a voluntary departure agreement and is not in
- 6 other lawful status; or
- 7 "(iv) fails to depart the United States within 30
- 8 days after a final order of removal and is not in
- 9 other lawful status.
- 10 "(B) In the case of an alien described in sub-
- 11 paragraph (A)(iv) who fails to depart the United
- 12 States within 30 days after a final order of removal,
- the alien shall be subject to civil penalties under this
- subsection that are 5 times the amounts set forth
- under paragraph (1).
- 16 "(3) Civil penalties under this subsection are in addi-
- 17 tion to, and not in lieu of any criminal or other civil pen-
- 18 alties that may be imposed.".
- 19 (d) Increase in Civil Penalties for Failure To
- 20 Depart.—Section 274D(a) of the Immigration and Na-
- 21 tionality Act (8 U.S.C. 1324d(a)) is amended by striking
- 22 "not more than".
- (e) Forfeiture for Failure To Depart for
- 24 More Than One Year.—Section 274D of the Immigra-
- 25 tion and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1324d) is amended—

- 1 (1) by redesignating subsection (b) as sub-
- 2 section (c); and
- 3 (2) by inserting after subsection (a) the fol-
- 4 lowing new subsection:
- 5 "(b) Forfeiture for Long-Term Failure To
- 6 Depart.—The assets of any alien in violation of sub-
- 7 section (a) for more than one year shall be subject to for-
- 8 feiture under title 18, United States Code.".
- 9 (f) Payment of Civil Penalties When Illegal
- 10 ALIENS APPREHENDED BY STATE AND LOCAL LAW EN-
- 11 Forcement.—Section 280 of the Immigration and Na-
- 12 tionality Act (8 U.S.C. 1330) is amended by adding at
- 13 the end the following:
- 14 "(c) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, half
- 15 of the amounts deposited in the Immigration Enforcement
- 16 Account from the payment of any civil penalties or asset
- 17 forfeiture collected under section 274D, 275, or 276 as
- 18 a result of the apprehension of a violator by law enforce-
- 19 ment officials of a State or a political subdivision of a
- 20 State shall be paid to the appropriate law enforcement
- 21 agency of a State or a political subdivision of a State re-
- 22 sponsible for the apprehension of the violator.".
- 23 (g) Permission To Depart Voluntarily.—Sec-
- 24 tion 240B(a)(2)(A) of the Immigration and Nationality

1	Act (8 U.S.C. $1229c(a)(2)(A)$ ) is amended by striking
2	"120" and inserting "30".
3	SEC. 104. LISTING OF IMMIGRATION VIOLATORS IN THE NA-
4	TIONAL CRIME INFORMATION CENTER DATA-
5	BASE.
6	(a) Provision of Information to the NCIC.—
7	Within 180 days after the date of the enactment of this
8	section, the Director of Border and Transportation Secu-
9	rity of the Department of Homeland Security shall provide
10	the National Crime Information Center of the Department
11	of Justice with such information as the Commissioner may
12	have on any person who has violated any immigration law
13	of the United States.
14	(b) Inclusion of Information in the NCIC
15	Database.—Section 534(a) of title 28, United States
16	Code, is amended by redesignating paragraph (4) as para-
17	graph (5) and inserting after paragraph (3) the following:
18	"(4) acquire, collect, classify, and preserve
19	records of violations of the immigration laws of the
20	United States; and".
21	SEC. 105. STATE AND LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT PROVI-
22	SION OF INFORMATION ABOUT APPRE-
23	HENDED ILLEGAL ALIENS.
24	(a) In General.—Every state or locality must
25	have a policy that requires the State or entity (as

- 1 applicable) to provide to the Department of Justice 2 and the Department of Homeland Security the infor-3 mation under subsection (b) on each alien in violation of the immigration laws of the United States 5 apprehended in the jurisdiction. Information re-6 quired by this subsection shall be provided not later 7 than 10 days after the alien was encountered within 8 such jurisdiction and shall be provided in such form 9 and in such manner as the Attorney General may by 10 regulation or guideline require. Failure to have such 11 a policy and practice by any State or locality shall 12 result in ineligibility for funds under section 241(i) 13 of the Immigration and Nationality Act until such a 14 policy is implemented.
- (b) Information Required.—The information re-quired by subsection (a) is as follows:
- 17 (1) The alien's name.
- 18 (2) The alien's address or place of residence.
- 19 (3) A physical description of the alien.
- 20 (4) The date, time, and location of the encoun-21 ter with the alien and reason for stopping, detaining, 22 apprehending, or arresting the alien.
- 23 (5) If applicable, the alien's driver's license 24 number and the State of issuance of such license.

- 1 (6) If applicable, the type of any other identi2 fication document issued to the alien, any designa3 tion number contained on the identification docu4 ment, and the issuing entity for the identification
  5 document.
  - (7) If applicable, the license plate number, make and model of any automobile registered to, or driven by, the alien.
- 9 (8) A photo of the alien if available or readily obtainable.
- 11 (9) The alien's fingerprints, if available or read-12 ily obtainable.
- 13 (c) Incomplete Reporting.—If the Attorney General finds that a State or a political subdivision of a State 14 15 engages in a pattern or practice of submission of incomplete information under subsection (b) or noncompliance 16 17 under subsection (a), the Attorney General shall notify the 18 State or political subdivision of a State of such finding 19 (and detail the instances and areas of deficiency). Not 20 later than 30 days after a notification under this para-21 graph, the State or political subdivision of a State shall submit to the Attorney General a detailed written response

to the notification (which addresses each instance and

area of deficiency under the notification) and a detailed

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- 1 plan for correcting any deficiencies in the submission of
- 2 such information.
- 3 SEC. 106. FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE TO STATE AND LOCAL
- 4 POLICE AGENCIES THAT ENFORCE IMMIGRA-
- 5 TION LAWS.
- 6 (a) Grants for Special Equipment for Housing
- 7 AND PROCESSING ILLEGAL ALIENS.—From amounts
- 8 made available to make grants under this section, the At-
- 9 torney General shall make grants to local law enforcement
- 10 agencies for procurement of equipment, technology, facili-
- 11 ties, and other products that facilitate and are directly re-
- 12 lated to housing and processing illegal aliens in custody
- 13 for immigration law violations, including additional ad-
- 14 ministrative costs incurred under this Act.
- 15 (b) Eligibility.—To be eligible to receive a grant
- 16 under this section, the local law enforcement agency must
- 17 have the authority to, and have in effect the policy and
- 18 practice to, enforce Federal immigration laws in the
- 19 course of carrying out such agency's law enforcement du-
- 20 ties.
- 21 (c) Funding.—There is authorized to be appro-
- 22 priated for grants under this section \$1,000,000,000 for
- 23 each fiscal year.

1	SEC. 107. FEDERAL CUSTODY OF ILLEGAL ALIENS APPRE-
2	HENDED BY STATE OR LOCAL LAW ENFORCE-
3	MENT.
4	(a) Amendment to Immigration and Nation-
5	ALITY ACT.—The Immigration and Nationality Act is
6	amended by adding after section 240C the following new
7	section:
8	"CUSTODY OF ILLEGAL ALIENS
9	"Sec. 240D.
10	"(a) If the chief executive officer of a State (or, if
11	appropriate, a political subdivision of the State) exercising
12	authority with respect to the apprehension of an illegal
13	alien submits a request to the Attorney General or the
14	Secretary of the Department of Homeland Security, the
15	Attorney General or Secretary shall—
16	"(1) enter into a contractual arrangement
17	which provides for compensation to the State or a
18	political subdivision of the State, as may be appro-
19	priate, with respect to the incarceration of the illegal
20	alien;
21	"(2) take the illegal alien into the custody of
22	the Federal Government and incarcerate the alien;
23	or
24	"(3) designate a Federal, State, or local prison
25	or jail or a private contracted prison or detention fa-
26	cility within a region as the central facility for that

- 1 region to maintain custody of the criminal or illegal
- 2 aliens.".
- 3 "(b) Compensation under subsection (a)(1) shall be
- 4 the average cost of incarceration of a prisoner in the rel-
- 5 evant State as determined by the chief executive officer
- 6 of a State (or, as appropriate, a political subdivision of
- 7 the State).
- 8 "(c) For purposes of this section, the term 'illegal
- 9 alien' means an alien who—
- 10 "(1) entered the United States without inspec-
- tion or at any time or place other than as designated
- by the Attorney General or the Secretary of the De-
- partment of Homeland Security;
- "(2) was admitted as a nonimmigrant and at
- 15 the time he or she was taken into custody by the
- 16 State or a political subdivision of the State has
- failed to maintain the nonimmigrant status in which
- the alien was admitted or to which it was changed
- under section 248, or to comply with the conditions
- of any such status; or
- 21 "(3) failed to depart the United States under a
- voluntary departure agreement or under a final
- order of removal.
- 24 "(d) The Attorney General or the Secretary of the
- 25 Department of Homeland Security shall ensure that un-

- 1 documented aliens incarcerated in Federal facilities pursu-
- 2 ant to this subsection are held in facilities which provide
- 3 an appropriate level of security.
- 4 "(e) In carrying out this section, the Attorney Gen-
- 5 eral or the Secretary of the Department of Homeland Se-
- 6 curity will establish a regular circuit and schedule for the
- 7 prompt collection of apprehended undocumented aliens
- 8 from the custody of States and political subdivisions of
- 9 States to Federal custody. The Attorney General or the
- 10 Secretary of the Department of Homeland Security is au-
- 11 thorized to enter into contracts to implement this sub-
- 12 section.
- 13 "(f) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act
- 14 or any other law, one-third of immigrant and non-
- 15 immigrant visa fees and adjustment of status fees, as des-
- 16 ignated by the Attorney General or the Secretary of the
- 17 Department of Homeland Security in regulations, shall be
- 18 deposited as offsetting receipts into a separate account en-
- 19 titled 'State and Local Immigration Law Enforcement Fee
- 20 Account' in the Treasury of the United States. The Attor-
- 21 ney General or the Secretary of the Department of Home-
- 22 land Security shall set all such fees at a level that will
- 23 ensure receipt of amounts sufficient to pay the full costs
- 24 of carrying out the provisions of this section, the full costs
- 25 of processing visas, and a significant portion of the costs

- 1 of Federal enforcement of immigration violations.
- 2 Amounts deposited into the fee account shall be available,
- 3 without further appropriation, to the Attorney General or
- 4 the Secretary of the Department of Homeland Security
- 5 to carry out the provisions of this section. All deposits into
- 6 the fee account shall remain available until expended.".
- 7 (b) GAO AUDIT.—Not later than 3 years after the
- 8 date of the enactment of this Act, the General Accounting
- 9 Office shall conduct an audit of compensation to States
- 10 and political subdivisions of States for the incarceration
- 11 of illegal aliens under section 240D(a) of the Immigration
- 12 and Nationality Act (as amended by subsection (a)).
- 13 SEC. 108. ESTABLISHMENT OF PROCESS FOR CLAIMS BY
- 14 STATES AND LOCALITIES AGAINST THE FED-
- 15 ERAL GOVERNMENT FOR FAILURE TO FA-
- 16 CILITATE THE COOPERATION OF STATES AND
- 17 LOCALITIES IN THE ENFORCEMENT OF THE
- 18 IMMIGRATION LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES.
- 19 (a) Claims by States and Localities Against
- 20 THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT FOR FAILURE TO COOPER-
- 21 ATE IN THE ENFORCEMENT OF THE IMMIGRATION
- 22 Laws.—
- 23 (1) In General.—A State or a political sub-
- 24 division of a State adversely affected may file a
- claim against any Federal agency for failure to co-

- operate with a State or a political subdivision of a State to enforce or comply in a reasonable manner with certain enforcement provisions of the immigration laws of the United States relating to the identification, apprehension, arrest, detention, and removal of aliens who are in violation of the immigration laws.
  - (2) Adjudication of claims.—Claims under this section shall be filed only with the administrative law judge established under subsection (b). Claims under this section shall be adjudicated only by such judge. The validity and appropriateness of the decision of the judge may be appealed only to the Attorney General or the Secretary of the Department of Homeland Security and shall not be subject to judicial review.
    - (3) Administrative procedure as otherwise provided, the Administrative Procedure Act shall apply to the adjudication of claims under this section.

#### (4) Fines.—

(A) The appropriate Federal agency shall be fined \$1,000 for each instance of non-enforcement determined to be valid in a decision by the judge on a claim.

(B) In addition to fines under subparagraph (A), if in a decision on any claim the judge determines that a Federal agency has entered into a pattern or practice of nonenforcement of, or noncompliance with a State or local law enforcement agency's enforcement of, the immigration laws, that Federal Agency shall be fined \$10,000.

### (5) Payment of fines.—

- (A) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, only amounts deposited into the Immigration Examination Fee Account (under section 286(m) of the Immigration and Nationality Act) shall be available to the Attorney General or the Secretary of the Department of Homeland Security for the payment of fines levied against a Federal agency under this section.
- (B) Fines levied against a Federal agency pursuant to this section shall be paid to the State or political subdivision of the State that brought the claim for noncooperation not later than 90 days after the entry of a final judgment.
- (C) The Attorney General or the Secretary of the Department of Homeland Security is au-

- 1 thorized to increase the amount of any of the 2 adjudication fees designated by the Attorney 3 General or the Secretary of the Department of Homeland Security under section 286(m) of the Immigration and Nationality Act in order to en-6 sure that funds sufficient for the payment of 7 fines pursuant to this section are available. 8 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, 9 amounts in the Immigration Examination Fee 10 Account shall be available without further ap-11 propriation or fiscal year limitation.
- 13 Judge for Federal, State, and Local Immigration

Establishment of Administrative Law

- 14 Law Enforcement Cooperation.—There is estab-
- 15 lished within the Department of Justice the position of
- 16 Administrative Law Judge for Federal, State, and Local
- 17 Immigration Law Enforcement Cooperation (hereafter in
- 18 this section referred to as the "judge").
- 19 SEC. 109. TRAINING OF STATE AND LOCAL LAW ENFORCE-
- 20 MENT PERSONNEL RELATING TO THE EN-
- 21 FORCEMENT OF IMMIGRATION LAWS.
- 22 (a) Establishment of Training Manual.—Not
- 23 later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of
- 24 this Act, the Attorney General or the Secretary of the De-
- 25 partment of Homeland Security shall establish a training

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- 1 manual for law enforcement personnel of a State or a po-
- 2 litical subdivision of a State that has in effect a statute
- 3 under section 102 or a policy under section 105 to train
- 4 such personnel in the investigation, identification, appre-
- 5 hension, arrest, detention, and removal of aliens in the
- 6 United States (including the transportation of such aliens
- 7 across State lines to detention centers and identification
- 8 of fraudulent documents).

### 9 (b) Administration.—

- 10 (1) The Attorney General or Secretary may
- charge a fee for training under subsection (a) which
- is not more than half the actual costs of such train-
- ing. ing.
- 14 (2) The training of State and local law enforce-
- ment personnel under this section shall not displace
- or otherwise adversely affect the training of Federal
- personnel.
- 18 (c) Training Flexibility.—The Department of
- 19 Justice or the Department of Homeland Security shall
- 20 make such training of State and local law enforcement of-
- 21 ficers available through as many means as possible, includ-
- 22 ing but not limited to residential training at a Federal
- 23 facility, on-site training held at a State or local police
- 24 agency or facility, online training courses by computer,

- 1 teleconferencing, and videotape or DVD of a training
- 2 course or courses.
- 3 (d) Clarification.—Nothing in this Act or any
- 4 other provision of law shall be construed as making any
- 5 immigration-related training a requirement for or pre-
- 6 requisite to any State or local law enforcement officer to
- 7 enforce Federal immigration laws in the normal course of
- 8 carrying out their law enforcement duties.

# 9 **SEC. 110. IMMUNITY.**

- 10 (a) Personal Immunity.—Notwithstanding any
- 11 other provision of law, a law enforcement officer of a Fed-
- 12 eral, State, or local law enforcement agency shall be im-
- 13 mune from personal liability arising out of the enforce-
- 14 ment of any immigration law if the officer is acting within
- 15 the scope of his or her official duties.
- 16 (b) AGENCY IMMUNITY.—Notwithstanding any other
- 17 provision of law, a State or local law enforcement agency
- 18 shall be immune from any claim for money damages based
- 19 on Federal, State, or local civil rights law for an incident
- 20 arising out of the enforcement of any immigration law,
- 21 except to the extent a law enforcement officer of that
- 22 agency committed a violation of Federal, State, or local
- 23 criminal law in the course of enforcing such immigration
- 24 law.

1	SEC. 111. PLACES OF DETENTION FOR ALIENS ARRESTED
2	PENDING EXAMINATION AND DECISION ON
3	REMOVAL.
4	Section 241(g) of the Immigration and Nationality
5	Act (8 U.S.C. 1231(g)) is amended by adding at the end
6	the following:
7	"(3) Policy on detention in state and
8	LOCAL DETENTION FACILITIES.—In carrying out
9	paragraph (1), the Attorney General or Secretary of
10	the Department of Homeland Security shall ensure
11	that an alien arrested under this Act shall be de-
12	tained, pending the alien's being taken for the exam-
13	ination described in such section, in a State or local
14	prison, jail, detention center, or other comparable fa-
15	cility notwithstanding any other provision of law or
16	regulation, such facility is adequate for detention,
17	if—
18	"(A) such a facility is the most suitably lo-
19	cated Federal, State, or local facility available
20	for such purpose under the circumstances;
21	"(B) an appropriate arrangement for such
22	use of the facility can be made; and
23	"(C) such facility satisfies the standards
24	for the housing, care, and security of persons
25	held in custody of a United States marshal"

#### l SEC. 112. INSTITUTIONAL REMOVAL PROGRAM.

- 2 (a) Continuation and Expansion.—The Depart-
- 3 ment of Justice and the Department of Homeland Secu-
- 4 rity shall continue to operate and implement the program
- 5 known as the Institutional Removal Program (IRP) which
- 6 identifies removable criminal aliens in Federal and State
- 7 correctional facilities, ensures such aliens are not released
- 8 into the community, and removes such aliens from the
- 9 United States after the completion of their sentences. The
- 10 Institutional Removal Program shall be extended to all
- 11 States. Any State that receives Federal funds for the in-
- 12 carceration of criminal aliens shall cooperate with Federal
- 13 Institutional Removal Program officials, expeditiously and
- 14 systematically identify criminal aliens in its prison and jail
- 15 populations, and promptly convey such information to
- 16 Federal IRP authorities as a condition for receiving such
- 17 funds.
- 18 (b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is
- 19 authorized to be appropriated to carry out the Institu-
- 20 tional Removal Program \$10,000,000 for the fiscal year
- $21\ 2004,\ \$20,000,000$  for the fiscal year  $2005,\ \$30,000,000$
- 22 for the fiscal year 2006, \$40,000,000 for the fiscal year
- $23\ 2007, \$50,000,000$  for the fiscal year 2008, \$60,000,000
- 24 for the fiscal year 2009, \$70,000,000 for the fiscal year
- 25 2010, and \$80,000,000 for the fiscal year 2011.

- 1 (c) Technology Usage.—Technology such as
- 2 videoconferencing shall be used to the maximum extent
- 3 possible in order to make IRP available in remote loca-
- 4 tions. Mobile access to Federal databases of aliens, such
- 5 as IDENT, and live scan technology shall be used to the
- 6 maximum extent practicable in order to make these re-
- 7 sources available to State and local law enforcement agen-
- 8 cies in remote locations.

#### 9 SEC. 113. AUTHORIZATIONS OF APPROPRIATIONS.

- 10 (a) State Criminal Alien Assistance Program
- 11 (SCAAP).—Section 241(i)(5) of the Immigration and Na-
- 12 tionality Act (8 U.S.C. 1231(i)) is amended by inserting
- 13 before the period at the end "and \$1,000,000,000 for each
- 14 of the subsequent fiscal years".
- 15 (b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR THE
- 16 DETENTION AND REMOVAL OF ALIENS NOT LAWFULLY
- 17 Present.—There are authorized to be appropriated for
- 18 each fiscal year \$500,000,000 for the detention and re-
- 19 moval of aliens not lawfully present in the United States
- 20 under the Immigration and Nationality Act.
- 21 (c) In General.—There are authorized to be appro-
- 22 priated such sums as may be necessary to carry out all
- 23 of title I.

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